

## Western Canada

IMMEASURABLY broadening our banking service to agricultural interests, we have established 270 of our 360 branches in Western Canada. We aim to extend the fullest possible banking service to the Prairie Provinces.

Our managers will be glad to discuss farm financing problems with their former customers.

ASSETS \$1,217,097.000

495A

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

RESOURCES, \$153,000,000

Chinook Branch . . . W. A. Cruickshank, Manager  
Cereal Branch . . . J. Jack, Manager



## Look Here, Men

You will be needing heavy

## WORK SHOES

shortly, and now is the time to get them. We have a complete line of these Shoes in the old stock, which, for a short time, we are offering at pre-war prices

Here are some of the prices:

Men's blk Elk blut.	\$5.00 to 6.00
Chocolate	6.05
Crome	5.25
Urns	5.00
Minn	5.00
Kip	5.00

## H.C. Brigginsshaw

THE STORE WITH THE GOODS

## BREEZELETS

"Encouraging boys in calf competition," is the heading of an article in one of the Calgary papers.

No, Susie, we don't think it refers to a "calf-love" competition among the boys.

The ex-Emperor William says he willing to be interned.

That's alright, William—if the Allies select the place of internment.

"Living cost still rising," says a dispatch.

Presently the h.c.l. will get so high that most of us will have to soar up in a "plane to get anywhere near the elusive rascal.

Bolsheviks capture Archangel, says a news heading.

But it doesn't follow, though, that Bolsheviks will be angels.

It is said that there is a cat in England—which has learned to make use of the knocker on the door when desiring to be admitted to the house.

Aw, that's nothing! We have a cat in Chinook that has learned to steal a chunk of meat from the larder, and the good housewife does the knock-her stunt.

The Canadian government seems to have discovered that there is a tremendous amount of maple sugar adulteration going on all over the dominion.

Perhaps someone might tell us what there is that is isn't adulterated—particularly that "all-wool" stunt.

A Canadian lumber exporter tells us that there is no fear of a shortage of lumber for home use

It isn't the fear of a shortage that is worrying the consumer, but it's the price that is getting his goat.

## ONE OF LIFE'S TRAGEDIES

## THE PASSING OF MR. AND MRS. HERVE

ONE of life's saddest tragedies took place in Chinook last week, in the deaths of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Herve. Among some of the first victims of the present outbreak of the flu were the late Mr. and Mrs. Herve. As usual in such cases their condition at first was not considered very serious, but it was not long before very alarming symptoms began to develop—peritonitis in Mr. Herve's case and pneumonia with Mrs. Herve. It soon became all too apparent that Charlie could not stand the strain of a life-and-death struggle under such adverse conditions, and being, too, in a very weakened state from the effects of a previous illness, and on Thursday, Feb. 12th, he succumbed to the fatal ravages of peritonitis.

Lying in the next room, Mrs. Herve was in the death grip of pneumonia. It was hoped, however, that Mrs. Herve's life could be saved, but in spite of every and care nursing, in three short days she joined her husband—and in death they were not parted.

The late Mr. Chas. Herve was a native a Jersey, one of the channel islands lying between England and France, and was one of the first settlers in the Chinook district, fling on his half-section in 1909. Although not of a robust body, he was a steady and hard worker. In August, 1914, just after war had been declared, he was among the first to hear his country's call, volunteered, joining as a private the "glorious 10th" batt., but later transferred to the famous Strathcona Horse, with the rank of Sgt. Trumpeter. A few months later, while in camp in England, he contracted spinal meningitis, from which he never completely recovered. He was sent back to Canada as medically unfit. While in England he visited his old home in Jersey, and while there he was married, but returned to Canada alone in the spring of 1915, Mrs. Herve joining her husband here later. During their sojourn amongst us they made many warm friends and their untimely deaths under such distressing circumstances came as a great shock to the whole community. They leave to mourn their loss a fatherless and motherless little three-year-old daughter, in a strange land, having no relatives whatever in this country, but is being cared for and looked after by the two executors for the present.

A funeral service, conducted by the pastor, the Rev. Geo. H. Elliott, was held in the Chinook church, on Sunday afternoon, Feb. 15th, which was very largely attended by the friends and neighbors of the deceaseds. The late Mr. Herve's casket was covered with the Union Jack and a beautiful wreath of flowers, and Mrs. Herve's with a similar wreath, and were followed to the Chinook cemetery by the members of the G.W.V.A. of Chinook and district, where the interment took place, both caskets being placed in the one grave.

## CHINOOK BREEZES

Chinook school report will be published next week.

It is rumored that Chinook to have an up-to-date fire-proof garage built this spring.

The social evening to be held in the Chinook church on Feb. 14th, has been postponed to Tuesday, March 2nd.

We expect the "first rebbin" and "first gopher" will soon be reported this spring. Their advent is almost due.

Mrs. A. T. Vaughn and family of Rollinson have moved into town, to enable the children to attend the school here.

Mrs. Shabino left last week for Medicine Hat, to be present with her son, Ervin, who was to undergo an operation for ulcers on the stomach at the hospital in that city.

On account of an unexpected rush of job work, which was all dated matter, during the past week or two, the Advance was stopped in its onward march for publication, for which we apologize to our readers.

Amongst those who have been very low during the past week or two from flu and pneumonia, have been Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Procter, the latter possibly being the worst of the two. It is hoped that the crisis has been past for the better, and they will soon be restored to health and strength again.

The condition of Mrs. M. J. Hewitt from flu, developing into pneumonia, during the past two or three weeks, has caused her friends considerable anxiety, and in fact, her life hung in the balance for several days, and Dr. Chandler of Cereal was called in consultation with Dr. Egbert. As we go to press, we understand that her condition is still very serious.

## ANNOUNCEMENT OF

## Chinook Hospital

## DR. EGBERT

Has arranged with the proprietor of the Acadia Hotel for the setting aside of a part of the Hotel, to be used as a Hospital. Any kind of case may be admitted, except infectious cases.

## MATERNITY CASES

## SPECIAL ATTENTION

is being given to the care and accommodation of Maternity Cases.

## TWENTY-FIVE

of these cases can be accommodated at one time, every patient occupying a strictly private room on the first floor. Every room is well furnished, steam-heated, and well heated at all hours of the day and night. Good beds and high-grade mattresses and springs.

Ladies desiring such accommodation may call and see just how private and comfortable their surroundings will be.

## REMEMBER

that your room will be strictly separate and private and in a part of the building entirely set aside for this purpose from the rest of the hotel.

Knowing, as you do, the need for such a hospital, this arrangement has been made largely with the people from outlying districts in view. Remembering the country's present financial condition, expenses will be as low for patients as it is humanly possible to make them.

Address any inquiries or communications to

DR. J. H. EGBERT,

CHINOOK, ALTA.

## Victim of the Flu

One of the first deaths of the present visitation of the flu in this district was the late Mrs. Meredith McColl of Coliholme, which sad event occurred on Feb. 7th. Unfortunately the attack developed quickly into pneumonia, ending fatally in a few days, the suddenness of which came as a great shock to her many friends.

Mr. and Mrs. McColl came west in 1913, and settled in Empress. In 1917 they moved to the Coliholme district and took up farming. Mr. McColl is at present residing on the land formerly owned by his brother the late Douglas McColl.

In addition to her husband, Mrs. McColl leaves to mourn her loss four children, three girls and one boy; her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Murray of Kingston, Ont.; two sisters, Mrs. H. Elkie of Toronto, and Mrs. L. Gilmour of Toronto; and a brother, S. Murray of Kingston.

The interment took place in the Youngstown cemetery.

Anyway, what does the passing of liquor mean? Does it mean the bottle, or the passing of passing of the bottle?

The Three Degrees—Ratepayers, high ratepayers, irate high ratepayers.

## Curling

Monday afternoon Chinook curlers visited Youngstown to play for the Beaver Cup. Owing to the real mild weather the ice was soft. Dunn's rink—composed Dunn, Rennie, Milligan and Deman, were drawn against Lamb and lost by six points. Miller's rink—composed of J. S. Smith, Woodruff and Hinds, played Harper and won their game by 8 points. The total points count so Chinook won the cup by two points. Understand challenges are in from Alsack and Oyen. The game with Alsack will be played on Chinook ice. Watch for the date and help root for the home club.

This week, three Chinook rinks are at Youngstown spiel. Skip Dunn has Rennie, Milligan and Deman, J. S. Smith has Miller, Woodruff and Hinds, while Dawson is supported by Whitlock, H. Smith and Pat McKenzie. Latest reports are that some of the Chinook rinks have reached the jewelry.

The following articles are needed for the Rest Room to be shortly opened by the Women's Institute: Chairs, small table, cot or couch, cushions, rugs, water-pail, drinking mugs, etc. Anyone having suitable articles to loan or give, can bring same to the old bank building, or communicate with Mrs. C. W. Ricecut or Mrs. T. O. Stephenson.



## FACE DISFIGURED WITH PIMPLES

Itched and Burned. Scarcely Slept. Cuticura Heals.

"Pimples affected my face. They were large and always itched. They were scattered all over my face. They afterwards turned into scales and when they fell they left big marks until my face was disfigured. They itched and burned so that I scarcely slept at all. 'I had been bothered for nearly two months before I started using Cuticura, and after I had used three boxes of Cuticura Ointment with the Cuticura Soap I was completely healed.' (Signed) Miss L. Burns, St. Basil, Que., June 6, 1918.

Use Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum for all toilet purposes. For free sample each of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum, address: Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A. Sold everywhere."

## Life in the Old Land Yet

Filled with admiration as all Canadians were by the wonderful achievements of Great Britain during the war, and proud that the Old Land stood ready to sacrifice anything and everything to save life for liberty, humanity and civilization, many people were apprehensive that when the war was over Britain would be so financially weakened, and so disorganized industrially, that it would have permanently lost its outstanding position among the nations of the world; that, in a word, British pre-eminence in finance, shipping and world trade would have passed beyond recall to the United States.

In order to carry on the war, Great Britain not only spent huge sums herself, but loaned hundreds of millions to nations upon rather doubtful security. In order to do this the Old Land, disposed of her foreign-held securities, which constituted one of the large sources of her national income, and from being a lending nation became a borrowing one, obtaining enormous sums from the United States. In many quarters it was confidently predicted that, as a result, New York and not London would be the future financial centre of the world.

During the war British shipping was destroyed by the piratical submarines faster than new ships could be built, while practically all the shipping in existence was diverted from mercantile to war purposes. Coincidentally with this, the United States, which prior to the war had no mercantile marine worthy the name, seized the occasion to embark upon a great Government shipbuilding program, and in addition it secured the nucleus of a mercantile marine from the seizure of interned German ships.

In the third place, the whole of Great Britain's great industrial enterprises were diverted from usual peacetime manufacture and mobilized for the manufacture of munitions and other war material, while during the years from August 4, 1914, until the United States entered the war in April, 1917, the latter country was busily engaged in manufacturing supplies of all kinds at large profits for the belligerent nations of Europe, thus gaining enormously at a time when Great Britain's industries were devoting all their activities to war work.

It was but natural that, under these circumstances, many people should be fearful for Great Britain's future. And those fears were by no means allayed when, following the armistice, one great strike followed another in Britain, thus retarding the rapid reconstruction of British industry on a peace-time basis. Even today, the unheard-of depression of the British pound sterling, on the American money markets is regarded with anxious concern by people in this coun-

try as indicating a weakness in the British position.

These doubts and fears are further encouraged because of the fact that United States newspapers and magazines, filled with flamboyant articles predicting American supremacy in the world of finance, shipping, industry and commerce, are widely read in Canada. It is reassuring, however, to turn to well-informed British opinion on the outlook and to find that these pessimistic views do not find reflection in the Old Land itself. One of the best informed men in Great Britain is Lord Northcliffe, head of the London Times and a hundred other daily, weekly and monthly publications. He has avenues of information open to him which few men in the world enjoy. And Lord Northcliffe is the reverse of pessimistic.

In a recent interview with an American journalist he is more than optimistic over the labor situation in the British Isles, and lays particular emphasis upon the fact that while in the United States they have to deal with a large percentage of foreign-born workers, British labor is composed overwhelmingly of men and women of English, Scotch, Irish and Welsh birth. Great Britain is solving her labor troubles upon sound lines and in an efficient way. Nor does he fear the competition of cheap labor and long working hours in countries like Japan, where present conditions, he says, cannot last. Industrially, Lord Northcliffe backs the skilled British workman and mechanic against the world.

In regard to shipping, Lord Northcliffe is absolutely confident that Great Britain will retain her supremacy. In this connection he says: "We expect very heavy competition at sea, but it is not disturbing our able and far-seeing shipping men. We rely for our supremacy in shipping upon our superior knowledge of a business which we have understood for centuries. Our people like shipping. Our people like being at sea. I do not think you (United States) are going to get many American seamen from the majority of your states and territories. Why should you? There is abundant opportunity at higher wages to be had on land, which is not the case in a small country like ours. I do not think you will have any more chance of competing with us at sea than we have in competing with you in the erection of skyscrapers."

Lord Northcliffe advances a further reason in support of his belief that Britain will retain supremacy in world shipping, a reason of particular interest to Canadians, but, an outline of this, together with his views on Britain's strong financial position, will be treated in a subsequent article.

## DON'T USE THE KNIFE

That's the barbarous way of treating corns—dangerous, too—any corn can be removed painlessly by Putnam's Painless Corn Extractor. In twenty-four hours. Use only Putnam's Extractor, 25c at all dealers.

A theological student was sent one Sunday to supply a vacant pulpit in a small town. A few days after he received a copy of the weekly paper of that place with the following item marked: "Rev. \_\_\_\_\_ of the senior class of the \_\_\_\_\_ Seminary, supplied the pulpit at the Elm-street church last Sunday, and the church will now be closed three weeks for repairs."

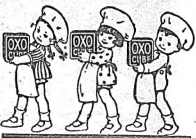
**U. S. Anti-Sedition Bill**  
The Anti-Sedition Bill Passed by the United States Senate provides a Maximum penalty of a fine of \$5,000 and five years' imprisonment for the circulation of literature in furtherance of a forcible overthrow of government. The bill also bars from mail any matter advocating force or sabotage.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Buying what you do not need is an easy road to seedling what you cannot buy.

## CHILBLAINS

Easily and Quickly Cured with EGYPTIAN LINIMENT For Sale by All Dealers Douglas & Co., Proprs. Nanpan, Ont.



Oxo Cubes contain the rich nourishment of prime beef in so compact and convenient a form that they are handy for use anywhere, at any time. Just a cube—hot water—and a biscuit or rusk—and a light sustaining meal is ready.



Irrigated Land Brings High Rental  
Seven hundred acres of irrigated and near Lettbridge, Alberta, land has been leased at a yearly rental of twelve dollars a year. That land should be rented at twelve dollars an acre in a country where fertile farm land can still be bought outright at this price is a tribute to the value at which irrigation in Southern Alberta is now esteemed. It is reported that tenants could easily be found for an additional thousand acres of land at this rental if the land were available.

## HEALTHY CHILDREN ARE HAPPY CHILDREN

The well child is always a happy child—it is a baby's nature to be happy and contented. Mothers, if your little ones are cross and peevish and cry a great deal they are not well—they are in need of medicine—something that will set their bowels and stomach in order, for nine-tenths of all childhood ailments arise from a disordered state of the bowels and stomach. Such a medicine is Baby's Own Tablets. They are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels, sweeten the stomach, and thus drive out constipation, colic, indigestion, break up colds and simple fever, and make the baby healthy and happy. Concerning them, Mrs. Albert Hamel, Pierrefille, Que., writes: "Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine I know of for little ones. They relieved my little girl from constipation when nothing else would and I can strongly recommend them to other mothers. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont."

The hill people of Assam reckon time and distance by the number of quids of betelnuts chewed. According to Washington Irving, the Dutch colonial assembly was invariably dismissed at the last puff of the third pipe of tobacco of Gov. Wouter Van Twiller.

## COAX 'EM

Stop Whipping Bowels Into Activity, but take "Cascarets"

Put aside the Salts, Pills, Castor Oil, or Purgative Waters that irritate and lash the bowels into action, but which do not thoroughly cleanse, freshen and purify these drainage organs, and have no effect whatever upon the liver and stomach.

Keep your "insides" pure and fresh with Cascarets, which thoroughly cleanse the stomach, remove the undigested, sour food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels which are keeping you half sick, headachy and miserable. Cascarets tonight will make you feel great by morning. They work while you sleep—never gripe, sicken or cause inconvenience. Cascarets cost so little, too.

**Manitoba Rural Credits Scheme**  
The director of the Rural Credits Act for the Province of Manitoba has predicted that the fifty-nine Rural Credit Societies in this province will lend \$3,000,000 during the present year. He further states that as the prosperity of this province depends upon the agricultural returns, the loan will benefit everyone in the province by increasing the agricultural production. The loans granted through the Rural Credit Societies in 1919 totalled \$1,000,000. If the times that amount is loaned in 1920, it will speak very well for the success of the Rural Credits scheme.

**Her Exclusive Privilege**  
You must not think because a woman abuses her husband she will permit you to do so—Life.

W. N. U. 1303

## Double Rent Upon Natural Gas Locations

Order-in-Council Gives Greater Control to Minister of Interior  
An order-in-council has been gazetted doubling the rental on oil and natural gas locations in the Western Provinces, and giving the minister of the interior greater control over oil and gas developments. The rental in future will be fifty cents per acre for the first year, and one dollar, for each subsequent year, such increase to apply on all applications submitted after March 1, 1920. Section 40 of the petroleum and natural gas regulations is rescinded, and the following clause substituted therefor: "A company acquiring by assignment or otherwise a lease under the provisions of these regulations shall be a company registered or licensed in Canada, and having its principal place of business within His Majesty's dominions."

## Gets Instant Relief After Four Years

**TORTURED WOMAN TRIED DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
Kidney Disease and Insomnia Had Made Her a Nervous Wreck Till She Used Dodd's Kidney Pills. Dunvegan, Inverness Co., N.S., Feb. 16 (Special).—Women who are dragging wearied limbs around, weighed down with a suffering and tiredness that can find no rest, will find sunshine and hope in the message Catherine McPherson of this place sends to them.

"For nearly four years I had Dodd's Kidney Pills," Miss McPherson states, "but they did wonderful good for me. I became a nervous wreck and insomnia was added to my troubles. I was so weak and tired and irritable that every trifling added to my discomfort."

Dodd's Kidney Pills gave me instant relief. They are a wonderful medicine. I shall recommend them to all my friends. Dodd's Kidney Pills are purely a kidney remedy. They put the kidneys in shape to strain all the impurities out of the blood. That's why they bring health and restful sleep in their train."

## He Played the Game

Duty Done With Devotion, and in a Human and Cheerful Spirit

The Prince of Wales has grown to full stature as a national, and more than national, personality; and no public event since the conclusion of the armistice has more strongly appealed to the general imagination than his visit to Canada, with its memorable conclusion in the United States. King George has said of that four months' progress what all of us have felt, that the Prince "played up from the beginning to the end." There is no statelier form of words which hits so precisely the mark of meaning for the British race as that simple phrase of sportsmanship. It signifies the thing that has brought both father and son, with all their family, so close as they are to the national heart. Duty done with devotion, and in a human and cheerful spirit, wins our regard as nothing else can do; and the British peoples are rejoiced to see the virtue so especially prized embodied so fitly in the Monarchy that is the symbol of their union.—London Daily Telegraph.

**Only One "BROMO QUININE"**  
To get the genuine, call for the full name, LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets. Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. Groves a Cold in One Day. 30c.

## Farm Land Values Increase

**Great Activity in Farm Lands in Western Canada**  
Great activity in farm lands in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, with the biggest demand that has been in evidence for several years, is reported.

Farm lands are changing hands rapidly, but the purchasers are, for the most part, local men who know the land and have had an opportunity during the summer to inspect it and to ascertain what it will produce. One feature of the land movement is that fully eighty per cent. of the purchasers are men who will actually farm the land themselves.

During the last six months land values have advanced fully twenty per cent., continues the report. In the three prairie provinces the prevailing prices at which these properties are changing hands are from \$50 to \$60 per acre for improved land, and from \$30 to \$35 per acre for unimproved tracts, with possibly a difference of \$5 per acre for Manitoba lands. There will be an era of road building next year, and signs indicate that land values will double.

A woman's tears are the greatest waterpower known to man.

## HAVE YOU ASTHMA?

Do you endure the misery of Asthma with its oppression of the chest, shortness of breath, and loss of strength? How can you find quick relief is guaranteed by the use of

## TEMPLETON'S RAZ-MAH CAPSULES

This preparation is the result of years of experiment and study. Thousands have derived the greatest benefit from its use. Write for free sample to Templeton, 144 King St. W., Toronto.

Sold by reliable druggists everywhere for \$1.05 a box. 34

## TEMPLETON'S RHEUMATIC CAPSULES

For fifteen years the standard specific for Rheumatism, Neuritis, Gout, Sciatica, Lumbago, Neuralgia. Many doctors prescribe them. Write to Templeton, 144 King St. W., Toronto, for free sample. Sold by reliable druggists everywhere for \$1.05 a box. 35

## A Trip to Mars

An Offer to Make the Journey in A Rocket  
Capt. Claude R. Collins, of Philadelphia, has sent to the New York newspapers a formal offer to permit himself to be shot in a rocket from the earth to Mars. He says he makes the offer "in the interests of science." He believes the undertaking can be carried out, but he names several conditions. He wants first to be allowed to make a lecture tour of the United States and arouse people to the need for a better air service; he wants to be insured for \$100,000; and he also makes this little stipulation: "Communication either by radio, light or other means shall be definitely established with Mars and a rocket similar to that in which I am to make the leap must be constructed and successfully launched and landed on that planet, previous to my start."

## SHORT OF BREATH Could Hardly Walk Without Resting.

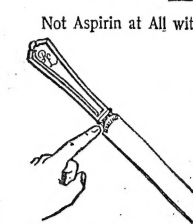
When you go to a physician to be examined for any heart trouble, one of the first questions he asks is: "Are you short of breath?" Now, when the heart becomes affected there ensues a feeling of a choking sensation, a shortness of breath, palpitation, throbbing, irregular beating, smothering sensation, dizziness and a weak, sinking, all-gone feeling of oppression and anxiety.

On the first sign of the heart becoming weakened or the nerves unstrung Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills are just the remedy you require. They regulate and stimulate the heart, and strengthen and restore the whole nerve system. Mr. Stephen Crouse, East Clifford, N.S., writes: "I suffered for five years with heart trouble. I could hardly walk from the house to the barn without resting, as I used to get so short of breath. Doctors could not help me. My wife told me to get a box of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and I felt better after taking them; three boxes made me quite well. I am now helping my son to work the farm, and can truthfully say I feel like a different man."

Prize 50c a box at all dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

## ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



The name "Bayer" on Aspirin is like Sterling on silver. It positively identifies the only genuine Aspirin, the Aspirin produced by physicians for over nineteen years and now made in Canada. Always buy an unbroken package of a few cents. Large "Bayer" packages. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer, the world's greatest manufacturer of Bayer Aspirin. Aspirin is well known that Aspirin means Bayer. Beware of cheap imitations. The Bayer of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

## Excellent Educational Facilities

Many Handsome and Commodious Public Schools in Saskatchewan  
The visitor cannot help but be struck favorably by the very many handsome and commodious public schools that meet the eye everywhere in the province of Saskatchewan; and the district around North Battleford is typical of the whole province. North Battleford is the centre of agricultural education. The efforts of the College of Agriculture of the Provincial University have been widely taken advantage of in this district, with the result that the sons and daughters of farmers have received inculcation benefit from practical demonstrations in farming and stock raising. Lectures and the distribution of literature on stock feeding, grain and forage production, and other service is given to the farmers without direct charge.

## Mother's Coughs and Colds Go Quickly

She cannot afford to neglect her household duties. At the first symptoms she prepares the way for quick recovery by the immediate use of Gray's Syrup—a household preparation of sixty years standing. Most households have a large size.



Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum. Montreal: D. WATSON & CO., New York.

## Tried Them Yet?

**"GREEN PLUM" DRIED FRUITS**  
Peaches, Apples, Figs, Raisins, Apricots, Prunes. They come in the 5-lb. sealed cartons from California to you without touch of human hands. Ask your Grocer for them.



**Filipino Wife's Status**  
In the Philippine Islands, when women marry, they go into partnership with their husbands. While the men handle the workers, the women attend to the finances, act as cashiers, pay the workers and oversee much of the business. They also have equality with the men in everything except in voting.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diptheria.

The Ontario Secondary School Teachers' Federation has been organized to promote and raise the status of teachers, secure better conditions and to obtain a large voice in educational affairs locally and throughout the province.

Many a Tea or Coffee drinker doesn't realize that his ill-health or discomfort is due to his table beverage until some friend suggests a change to

## Instant Postum

The growing favor of this healthful beverage among tea and coffee drinkers plainly shows "There's a Reason"



# Mackenzie King Says Tariff Reform Would Lower Prices

Ottawa.—An immediate downward movement of the tariff on foodstuffs, as well as on machinery to bring about greater production within Canada, together with an energetic campaign to get people back to the land, featured the address of the Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King to the Ottawa retail grocers at their annual banquet here. A revision of the tariff, however, Mr. King declared, must be carried out with the interest of all sections of the community in view.

Only in that way could the present unduly high cost of living situation be overcome.

"Anything artificial at present restricting the supply of principal articles of food should be immediately removed. This brings us invariably to a consideration of the tariff. My own conviction is that it is possible to reform the tariff so not only to diminish the high cost of living in a manner which would immediately benefit consumers, but also to reduce the cost of the instruments of production generally and so help agriculture and all the other industries based upon the natural resources of Canada."

People living and working on the land were the greatest need of Canada and the whole world today. In all parts of Canada the number of consumers demanding food in urban centres had steadily increased, while the number of persons producing food had relatively steadily declined. Immigration was necessary to people Canada's unoccupied areas, but it was necessary to remember what the drain of war had meant to the nations of Europe, and in particular to the British Isles. There were not the numbers of people there from which to recruit immigrants, nor were the countries of Europe willing to part readily with their people. The necessity of some immediate action to reduce the very high cost of living therefore became more apparent, and relief must be given by a reduction of the tariff on food supplies and on machinery for producing food.

## Control of Liquor in Manitoba

Eight Ounces Will Be Limit That Physicians Can Prescribe If the New Act Is Carried

Winnipeg.—Eight ounces of liquor will be the limit that physicians can prescribe if amendments introduced to the Manitoba Liquor Act are ratified by the legislature.

A new system of folio prescription forms is also recommended in a motion for the amendments to the act made by the Attorney-General's Department. It is understood that the new forms will be printed on special paper, which will be impossible to counterfeit. A duplicate of each one issued will be returnable to the liquor administration act office.

Gen. Wrangle to Succeed Denikine  
Budapest.—Gen. Denikine will be superseded in active command of the anti-Bolshevik forces on the southern Russian front by the 30-year-old Gen. Wrangle. It is reported by persons returning from Southern Russia.

It's a lot easier for a child to inherit red hair than brains.

# No Very Drastic Liquor Reforms For Great Britain

London.—The parliamentary representative of the Pall Mall Gazette, discussing impending legislation with regard to control of the liquor traffic, says that the measures at present contemplated are not calculated to rouse any great feeling in the country. He points out that the government's plans provide for strict limitation of the hours of sale, but involve only minor changes in the present hours, which are virtually a continuation of the hours in effect under war restrictions.

One of the main features of the scheme is for improvement of the saloons, the correspondent says. The number of licenses will be reduced in certain districts. "No attempt will be made to provide local option, but the future of this question will depend largely on the result of the Scottish experiment this year."

## Would Be Popular Appointment

Lord Byng May Be Next Governor-General in Canada

Ottawa.—A British paper, the Essex County Standard, announced a couple of weeks ago in an issue that has just reached Canada, the fact that Lord Byng, of Vimy, would be the next Governor-General of Canada.

The paper claims to have certain exclusive information that there is a strong desire in present British political circles that the next Governor-General of Canada shall be a man with military experience, and one who has come into close contact with the Canadian troops.

Lord Byng, then Sir Julian Byng, was at one time commander of the Canadian troops in the field.

## How Kolchak Met Death

Was Killed to Prevent His Rescue By White Troops

London.—Admiral Kolchak was executed by his own troops to prevent his rescue by white troops moving in the direction of Irkutsk for that purpose, according to a Copenhagen dispatch to the Herald. The Moscow Soviet sent a wireless message asking his captors to spare his life, but the appeal was too late.

The Moscow wireless service on January 31 transmitted an extract of an article from the official Bolshevik organ, Pravda, which said:

"Only a few days ago Supreme Ruler Kolchak was hoisted on his soldiers' bayonets."

## Should Make Ex-Kaiser Pay

Alfred Noyes Declares Policy in Old Country Will Insist on

New York.—Alfred Noyes arrived here on the liner, Nieuw-Amsterdam. He will spend three months at Princeton University as a member of the faculty.

Mr. Noyes says that there is an intense feeling throughout England that those who had caused all the suffering throughout the war should be made to pay, and not allowed to get off scot-free.

"The ex-kaiser and his son," he continued, "should not be permitted to live in luxury in Holland while the victims of their iniquitous conduct, the people of England, will have to pay 50 per cent. of their losses in taxes for the next fifty years as a result of this. If the former emperor and ex-crown prince cannot be actually punished in their bodies, they should have their incomes reduced to £1,000 and £500 a year respectively."

Ratifies Suffrage  
Boise, Idaho.—Idaho's legislature in special session ratified the woman's suffrage amendment to the national constitution by a large majority in both houses. Idaho is the thirtieth state to ratify.

Most people know what they don't want—also that they don't often get what they do want.

## Rejoicing in Copenhagen

Schleswig's Return to Denmark Fitly Celebrated

Copenhagen.—While the plebiscite in the first Schleswig zone passed off without any serious trouble, the rejoicings in Copenhagen were marked by isolated outbreaks of riotism. These culminated in a police station being stormed, the police assaulted, and persons arrested for disorderly conduct released.

Between midnight and 3 o'clock the huge enthusiastic crowds assembled in the town hall square. Crowds marched to the king's palace, singing and cheering for Schleswig's new sovereign, who, it is expected, will shortly cross the old border mounted on a white charger.

## Opposition to State Ownership

Conference of Miners and Producers Objected to Nationalization of Any Industry

London.—After considerable discussion of the question of nationalization of mines, the conference of miners and producers convoked by the federation of British industries passed a resolution against a state ownership, and state ownership of any branch of industry.

Sir Sam Nimmo, vice-president of the Mining Association of Great Britain, who presented the resolution, said that the meaning of the demand of miners for nationalization was an effort to seize the vitals of the community and force out of the community conditions as to wages and employment which the miners believed they ought to obtain by any branch of industry.

After nationalization of mines, Mr. Nimmo stated, labor intended to nationalize the land, shipping, banking and insurance, and ultimately secure in their hands the whole means of production of the country.

## Borden May Retire

Dispatches from England Indicate That Premier's Health Is Far From Being Restored

Ottawa.—Doubt whether Sir Robert Borden will be able to resume his active premiership has been raised by press dispatches from London. The dispatches indicated that his health is yet far from restored. If such continues to be the case, his retirement from political life is regarded here as inevitable.

So far the government is without word of Sir Robert's intentions. He left for three or four months' holiday without any definite destination in view, although it was his intention to accompany Lord Jellicoe to South Africa had Lord Jellicoe gone there. No official mail is being forwarded to Sir Robert, as it is desired that his rest should be as complete as possible.

It is thought, however, that Sir Robert's stay in England will be of brief duration. It is regarded as likely that he will either go to the Riviera or perhaps return to this side of the Atlantic and go south. Should Sir Robert decide again to take up his active political duties, he will probably be back in Ottawa in the early summer. Unless the coming session of parliament is unduly prolonged, the expectation is that Sir Robert will be unable to be back in time to take active part in its proceedings. Among the advance guard of Unionist members already arrived there, in much discussion over the situation and the possible outcome of the party caucus which will be called to discuss policy of the government.

## As Might Be Expected

King's Speech Is Not Favored By the Irish Press

London.—Irish press comment on the King's speech follows:  
The Freeman's Journal: "The references in the speech to Ireland are a mockery of public intelligence."

The Irish Times: "The government is treating the Home Rule Bill as no government has ventured to treat any of its predecessors. No party of interest in Ireland has been consulted about it. The government clearly intends to rush the new bill through parliament, and regards the enunciation of the Irish benches as a stroke of good luck rather than a misfortune."

The Irish Independent: "The bill is for the partition of Ireland, and, moreover, will withhold all the essential elements of self-government. The Irish people will not give the bill a moment's serious consideration."

## Would Abrogate Treaty

Washington.—Abrogation of the treaty with Great Britain establishing the Canadian boundary commission was proposed in a resolution by Representative Smith, Republican, Illinois.

The resolution declares that there are no any sufficient disputes between the two countries to justify continuation of the treaty.

Refuses Recount of Referendum  
Toronto.—Judge Coatsworth, by a judgment handed out here, has declined to grant the application of the Citizens' Liberty League for a recount of the vote taken under the liquor referendum, on October 20, in North-west Toronto.

## British House Cheers Canada

London.—Particularly hearty cheers were given in the House of Commons when Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, intimated that the Canadian government desired to make a contribution towards the relief of Central Europe.

## Livestock Contract Is Discussed by C.P.R. Heads

Railways Would Need New Department to Care for Cattle En Route

Ottawa.—In the opinion of Mr. Chas. Murphy, general manager of the Canadian Pacific western lines, the railways should not be required to take care of cattle en route. In a somewhat lengthy statement which he made to the railway commissioners when the livestock contract case was continued, Mr. Murphy argued this was the responsibility of the shipper and not the carrier.

The railways, he said, would need an army of men for the sole purpose of caring for cattle if they were required to do so, and as agreements with the trainmen and agents precluded their being asked to do this kind of work, it would mean the creation of an entirely new department by the railways. The expense of this would be prohibitive.

Mr. Murphy opened his statement by emphasizing the point that the C.P.R. was interested in the development of the livestock industry and anxious to give the shippers the best possible service. He drew attention to the difficulties which the railways had to contend with in the shipment of cattle during the winter owing to the very severe climate in the West, and stated that sometimes when cars containing cattle were shipped across the line it was difficult to get them back. Turning to the question of attending to the cattle en route, he emphasized the possibility that this should be the shippers' responsibility, and stated that the Canadian Pacific Railway was running special stock trains with a coach attached for accommodation of attendants. The railwaymen, said Mr. Murphy, were willing to help out in caring for the animals when delays occurred, but they would resent having to do this as part of their duties. He caused some amusement by suggesting to Mr. George Henderson, who was examining him, that Mr. Henderson inspect representatives of the trainmen's unions and see if they would accept the proposition that their members be called upon to care for the cattle en route.

Chief Commissioner Carvell asked Mr. Murphy for an estimate of the number of men who would be required to care for cattle en route on the main lines of the Canadian Pacific Railway in the West, but Mr. Murphy was unable to answer this.

The protection of attendants traveling with the cattle should, he thought, be provided for through the insurance companies.

## Would Keep in Limelight

Former Crown Prince Acted on Impulse in Offering to

Amsterdam.—Former Crown Prince Wilhelm of Germany sent his telegram to the heads of allied governments offering to surrender in place of Germans demanded in the allied extradition list, almost on the impulse of the moment, according to an interview with Major Von Muhlheim, the former Crown Prince's adjutant, published in the Telegraph.

The former heir to the German throne, said the major, after confirming reports that a telegram had been sent, "took his resolution without thinking long about it. The return of Baron von Lersner from Paris and the serious situation which has arisen in Berlin in consequence, prompted the prince to send his telegram. He hopes by this to avert serious difficulties for Germany."

Dutch newspapers describe Wilhelm's action as a "beautiful gesture."

## Turkish Problem Unsolved

Paris.—Premier Millerand told the Chamber of Deputies Foreign Affairs Committee that the Turkish problem, which still remains to be settled, was capable of two solutions. The first, he said, providing for the taking of Constantinople from the Turks; the second would permit the Turks to retain control over the city under certain international guarantees. The premier declared that France preferred the second arrangement.

## General Strike in Bulgaria

London.—A general strike has been called throughout Bulgaria, according to a Budapest dispatch to the Central News received by way of Geneva. The railways have ceased operations, the dispatch says, and only a few special trains are being run by the military to supply essential foods.

Airplane.—One of the South African airplanes on the London-Cape Town flight, named Silver Queen, crashed to the ground. None of the crew were injured.

W. N. U. 1303

# Britain Will Extend Further Help to Europe

## Canada's Sugar Supply Is Rapidly Diminishing

Operation of "Consumers' Association" Is Now Being Investigated at Windsor

Windsor, Ont.—"Canada is daily going behind 3,000,000 pounds in her supply of sugar," said Commissioner James Murdoch, of the Canadian Board of Commerce, at the close of the session of the probe into the operation of the "Consumers' Association," a co-operative concern which is alleged to have built up a large mail order business, using sugar, quoted at several dollars per hundred pounds below the market price as bait to unload other commodities on the public at inflated values.

The commissioner intimated that he thought the evidence was sufficient to justify an order restraining the operation of the organization for forty days. The company is not incorporated in Canada, but, according to evidence, was recently granted incorporation in the state of Michigan, but B. V. Martin, president of the company, could not remember whether this was previous to October last, when he was using stationery bearing the printed words "incorporated under state laws."

Mrs. Martin, who was also on the witness stand, stated that two reasons for brown sugar at times being duplicated for white to customers was that no one in sympathy with his country would refuse to use brown sugar when there was a shortage of the white.

## Manitoba Preparing For Elections

Term of Government Automatically Expires August 6

Winnipeg.—The government has started the preparation of election lists for provincial elections which will be held in July, probably the 26th. The term of the government automatically expires August 6, 1920.

The lists will contain about twice the number of names over any previous list, owing to the fact that women will be given the right to vote. Proclamation for the revision of lists will be issued almost immediately after the session of the legislature.

## Belgium Wants Canadian Flax

Ottawa.—Belgium is in the market for Canadian-grown flax, but Canada has none left for export. Belgium desires to place orders in Canada for 500 tons of flax, but as the total crop in Canada last year was only some 600 tons, flax-growing for fibre being very much in its infancy here, it was impossible to accept them. The small amount available for export was quickly snapped up by United States firms.

# Suggest Holding Conference On Exchange Rate

London.—J. Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, has announced that the government was willing to participate in an international financial conference if invited by one of the neutral nations or by the League of Nations, on being satisfied that the conference would assume a really representative character.

The announcement of Mr. Chamberlain was made in reply to a recent memorial from bankers and others. The Chancellor said that the government wished to make it absolutely clear that in the event of Great Britain's participation the government could not support or take a share in any scheme involving an addition to the liabilities of Great Britain for expenditures in the United States.

Mr. Chamberlain agreed that the picture drawn by the authors of the memorial was not exaggerated. He declared the attitude of the United States government was a matter of first importance, as it seemed doubtful whether the United States' participation could be obtained, and this must gravely affect the influence and utility of such a conference. The government, however, was unwilling

to omit any act calculated to alleviate the situation, and, therefore, would participate on the stipulated conditions.

The government, Mr. Chamberlain continued, was impressed with the futility of attempting to solve the problem by new borrowing, either by internal or external loans, the cessation of which had been laid down as the cardinal feature of its own policy; nor could the government afford to make further advances to other countries.

"The government feels the need of contributing to the reconstruction of Europe," Mr. Chamberlain added, "and is inclined to make certain exceptions to the general principle that loans from government to government should cease. The government at the present moment is engaged in discussions with the governments of Canada, United States and France, and certain other countries, including some which did not share in the war, with regard to the provisions of government credits to Austria and Poland for the supply of foodstuffs and raw materials sufficient to enable these countries to avert famine and restart their industrial life."

The Canadian Government also, said the Chancellor, had intimated its desire to make a contribution, and the British Government was confident that other allied and neutral governments also would co-operate in this emergency measure for dealing with the desperate needs of the central part of Europe.

## Praise For Canadian Gunners

Gen. Currie Says Counter-Battery Fire Was Originated By Montreal Man

Montreal.—Speaking at the dinner given by the 2nd Brigade, Canadian Field Artillery, in commemoration of the fifth anniversary of their landing in France, General Sir Arthur Currie stated that a number of officers who had commanded overseas would still continue to command in the reorganized artillery units in Montreal.

General Currie said that the Germans had taught our artillery nothing during the war. The great developments of the conflict were the barrage, the harassing fire and the counter-battery fire, all of which we had originated and had taught the boche. This counter-battery fire, he said, had been originated and developed by a Montreal soldier, Brig. Gen. McNaughton.

## To Stock Prince's Ranch

London.—The Prince of Wales' agents are busy buying breeding stock for his Western Canadian ranch, and at two or three sales within a week have picked up some excellent young cattle.

## NOTICE

beg to notify my many friends and customers that I have moved into larger and more convenient premises, opposite the Union bank

Come in and see me

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S. H. SMITH,

Proprietor,

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Is prepared to handle sales anywhere in Alberta.

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In Chinook every Tuesday and Friday

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Graduate of University of St. Francis  
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Advice re Land Settlement, etc., free to returned soldiers

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### CHINOOK MARKETS

Wheat, No. 1	\$1.01
" No. 2	1.88
" No. 3	1.83
Oats, No. 2, Canada West	.66
Oats, feed	.65
Barley	1.00
Flax	3.80
Corn	
Live Hogs (Calgary)	00.00
Eggs	.60
Butter	.50

### PUBLIC NOTICE

Dr. Egbert wishes to give notice that he will not attend any cases of any nature at the residence of Mrs. J. R. Mitchell, of Chinook.  
Dated at Chinook, Jan 20, 1920



# Wool Marketing In Saskatchewan

For the past six years the co-operative branch of the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture has acted as a wool marketing agency for the sheep men of the province, and now a point has been reached where the success of co-operative marketing of wool has been so clearly demonstrated, and the quantity handled annually amounts to such a heavy total that the Department of Agriculture is ready to hand over the work to the organized wool producers of the province, if they are prepared to assume the responsibility.

E. H. Auld, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, in explaining the reasons for taking this step, states that when the co-operative wool marketing work was undertaken in 1914, the sheep-breeding industry in the province had been at a standstill for a number of years, with the number of flocks decreasing rather than increasing. By co-operating proper care in the preparation of wool for marketing and co-operating in the sale, it was believed that sheep men could materially increase their returns from their wool crop. The success which has attended the movement since its inception has amply justified the undertaking, and practically all the sheep men in the province are now familiar with the advantages to be gained through proper preparation of the wool and bulk sales on a graded basis.

In 1914 there were 179 consignments of wool received, with a total weight of 69,404 pounds, by the co-operative branch. In 1915 there were 318 consignments, with total weight of 150,328 pounds. In 1916 there were 487 consignments, with total weight of 177,890 pounds. In 1917 there was a still greater increase, 623 consignments with total weight of 223,445 pounds, and 916 consignments weighing 394,068 pounds in 1918. In 1919 there were 1,103 consignments, weighing 553,491 pounds, handled by the co-operative organization branch, making a total of over a million and a half pounds of wool handled in the past six years.

Since the Saskatchewan Government undertook this work, the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers Limited, has been organized. This is a large selling organization composed of farmers in every province in Canada. Its shareholders in Saskatchewan now number 300, and it is proposed that these shareholders should form an association to handle the wool marketing work that has been performed so successfully during the last few years by the Saskatchewan Government on behalf of the farmers.

## Women Workers in Finland

### Man Power Was Greatly Depleted By War

Helsinki, Finland, as a stranger in that town reports his impressions, is a city of women doing the work that used to be done by men. He is astonished by the number of women in practically every kind of occupation. On the trains the porters in the sleeping cars are women; in the factories—women are busy at heavy manual labor; in the banks there are apparently about ten times as many women employed as men, and in one of the biggest financial institutions in the city positions of great responsibility are held by women. Compared with other countries, where the spectacle of women in what formerly were exclusively masculine employments became common during the war, Finland in general and Helsinki in particular, carry the proportion of women much further, for the man-power of Finland was so greatly depleted that a large proportion of the remaining male population is now needed for military service. In the Finnish Foreign Office, for example, women were holding positions which, says the correspondent, "would be entirely beyond the aspirations of their sisters in the State Department at Washington or the British Foreign Office." No other country, it seems safe to say, shows so wide and general an adaptation of women to work carrying on of every kind of work, and although the change is said to have come about rapidly, the women seem remarkably at ease in their new employments.

**A Prosperous Farming Community**  
The prosperity of the dairy and poultry farming district in British Columbia, of which Lynden is the center, is indicated by the fact that the present there is 45 per cent more cash in the local banks than at the same time last year. Two hundred automobiles and trucks were sold to farmers in the district last year.

He has no force, men who have no faith in himself.

## Natives Thought That Airmen Were Spirits

### Landings Made By Party, Especially in Java, Were Dangerous

Captain Ross Smith's story of his great flight from England to Australia as published in the Sydney (Australia) Sun, reads like a tale from the Arabian Nights. For absolutely new adventure, his tour of the countries of Asia and Oceania is unsurpassed. Landings made by the party, especially in Java, were dangerous. At two landings in the Malay Siam Archipelago, the natives would have nothing to do with them, believing that the airmen were spirits of the dead who could come back to the world, but could not rest, so kept flying from place to place. In farther India and Siam, the natives were simply frightened out of their lives when the airmen appeared.

When two hundred miles north of Port Darwin on the day of which their voyage was completed, they passed the cruiser Sydney, the famous warship which destroyed the Emden. They dropped a message in a bottle attached to a small parachute, which they had made while flying. This was picked up by a boat from the cruiser.

The entire story of the flight is one of dauntless courage, bulldog tenacity and initiative. Several times they were nearly beaten down to the ground or the sea by torrential rains, and while flying over Malaysia, ran into a storm so terrible that definite steering was practically out of the question, and they merely circled aimlessly until better weather was encountered.

## Saskatchewan Farmers Want Irrigation

### The Enactment of an Irrigation District Act Is a Necessary Preliminary

Encouraged no doubt by the success of irrigation farms in Southern Alberta, and having similar conditions to contend against, farmers in South-Western Saskatchewan have approached their government with a request for an irrigation district act similar to the one in force in Alberta. Several prominent members of the Cypress Hills Water Users Association, including G. S. Herlinger, J. D. Wilson, John Dixon and others, and some irrigation experts from Alberta have conferred with the provincial government.

Reservoirs are necessary for the proper development of irrigation in South-West Saskatchewan. With the development of reservoir sites about a hundred thousand acres of land in the Cypress Hills District can be brought under irrigation. The enactment of an irrigation district act under which farmers can organize irrigation districts, is a necessary preliminary to the carrying out of public irrigation schemes.

## Indian Turbans

### Made of Cloth Twenty to Forty Feet Long

In India the turban is worn to protect the head from excessive heat and the thickness varies according to the climate in each locality. These turbans are made of cloth of from twenty to forty feet long, and wrapped around the head in endless variety, according to rank and taste. All those who can afford it wear a band ten to twelve feet long, made either partly or wholly of gold thread, or of the finest silk. There are a number of accessories worn in combination with the turban. One beautiful ornament, limited to the use of kings, princes and nobles, is a beautifully embroidered velvet band about six inches long and two broad, into the middle of which is inserted a gold plate set with precious stones. This is worn obliquely in front of the turban, and the band is tied behind by means of a silk thread fastened to each end.

## Glass Manufacturer Investigates Conditions in Medicine Hat

Mr. H. H. Vandergrift, manager of the Premier Window Glass Co., of West Virginia, who had been planning for some time to visit Western Canada, arrived in Medicine Hat this week. He is looking into conditions with a view to establishing a window-glass factory in Western Canada.

Just because a girl doesn't love a man is no sign she doesn't want him to make love to her.

## Western Canada Fair Circuit

### Annual Meeting of the Association Held at Edmonton

The annual meeting of the Western Canada Fairs Association was held recently at Edmonton, when it was finally decided to fix the Class A circuit fair dates for 1920 in the same order as they were last year, and the organization pledged itself to straighten out the circuit for 1921. The main point at issue was as to whether Regina should follow Saskatoon and leave Brandon till the end, which would bring the Manitoba fair pretty much in the midst of harvest, or let the exhibitors and amusement-goers to Brandon from Saskatoon and then double back to Regina. When this question is finally straightened out, the question will have to be settled whether the fairs will start in Manitoba or at Calgary as at present, and the fact that Winnipeg expects to be in the circuit next year will have some bearing on the matter.

Mr. Milner, of Winnipeg, was present at Edmonton, and spoke of the proposed exhibition to be held in Winnipeg in 1921. Mr. Matheson, of Brandon, was elected president for this year, and W. J. Stark, of Edmonton, was re-elected secretary-treasurer. The Western Fairs Association has practically the administration of all Western Canada's fairs, the five largest of which pay out each year in cash over \$100,000.

The following "A" circuit dates for 1920 were agreed upon:  
Calgary—June 28-July 3.  
Edmonton—July 5-10.

Saskatoon—July 12-17.  
Brandon—July 19-24.  
Regina—July 26-31.

The dates of "B" circuit for this year are as follows:

Red Deer—July 10, 12, 13, 14.  
Camrose—July 15, 16, 17.  
Lloydminster—July 19, 20, 21.  
North Battleford—July 22, 23, 24.  
Prince Albert—July 26, 27, 28, 29.  
Melfort—July 30, 31.  
Yorkton—August 3, 4, 5, 6.  
Medicine Hat—August 5, 6, 7.  
Swift Current and Weyburn—August 2, 3, 4.

## Automobiles in Alberta

Increase in the Number of Cars for Several Years Past  
The revenue of approximately \$600,000 was derived by the Alberta government from the automobile licenses in 1919. The licenses numbered about 35,000, of which 3,000 represented Ford, but the balance the higher priced makes of motor cars.

For the present year it is expected that the automobile census of Alberta will run up to 40,000, and preparations are being made accordingly. The new stock of license plates is on the way and will be ready for issuing to applicants in the course of a few days. There has been an increase in the number of automobiles for several years past, at the rate of about 5,000 per year. In 1919 the licenses issued were 29,250 and in 1917 they were 20,624, or a little more than half of what the present year's figures are expected to be. The year that brought the outbreak of the war could boast only 4,726 motor cars in Alberta, and from what a small beginning the business has grown may be seen from the records for 1910, when 423 licenses were issued.

## Must Not Sell Stock

### Soldier Settlement Board Wins Action Against Veterans Who Sold Livestock

The first division court of Ontario, Judge Bryan, has given judgment in favor of the soldier settlement board of Canada in a suit to recover livestock sold to H. B. Boyd by John F. Conway, a soldier settler. His honor ruled that the stock was the property of the board until paid for, and that the settler had no right to dispose of it until he had discharged his obligations.

The decision is an important one, as it clears away any doubt that may have existed concerning the right of soldier settlers to sell their livestock or implements without the consent of the board.

It is the intention to proceed against any settler who disposes of livestock or chattels, the ownership of which is vested in the soldier settlement board, and persons buying such property from settlers will likewise be prosecuted.

To look into the future is not a sign of weakness, but of superiority. Forethought is an essential sign of civilization; the savage thinks only for the present, civilized man for the future.

When a man is hungry words of sympathy are not, calculated to fill an empty void.

## Pure Bred Stock for the E. P. Ranch

### Valuable Foundation Stock Coming from England Soon

According to Professor W. L. Carlyle, who is acting as agent and manager of the farm in Southern Alberta purchased by the Prince of Wales, arrangements are being made to ship to the farm from England as soon as possible thirty head of pure bred shorthorn cattle, twenty-five head of pure bred Shropshire sheep, six or eight thoroughbred fillies and twenty selected Dartmoor ponies.

These animals will be used to restock the farm, and will make a magnificent contribution to the ever improving quality of the livestock of the province. The first shipment will comprise about twenty-six shorthorns related to the best herds of Scotland. These cattle are from the prince's estate.

Twenty-five head of Shropshire ewes will be from the flock of the Duke of Westminster, which is among the best in the United Kingdom. Dartmoor ponies are a breed which is being introduced in Canada by the prince. The Dartmoor is described by Professor Carlyle as the most promising member of the pony family in England. On the great tableland of Dartmoor, in the Duchy of Cornwall, these ponies are reared. They belong to the hardiest and the oldest breeds in the country, their ancestors having come in, it is supposed, with the original Spanish stock. On the bleak moor, on the edge of the "prince's estate in Cornwall, 1,500 feet above sea level—higher than any of the mountains of Scotland—the ponies run wild. They stand twelve hands high, and weigh from 600 to 700 pounds. They make excellent saddle ponies, and in the vicinity of Dartmoor are driven in carts.

The ranch in Alberta will in future be known as the "E. P." Ranch, and all the stock of the ranch will be branded with these letters. The prince expects to be able to visit the place at least once every two years, Mr. Carlyle says, and he will probably endeavor to return by way of Canada after his trip to Australia this summer.

## The Man of Tomorrow

### Scout Movement to Aid in Securing the Peace and Safety of the Future

It is just twenty years since readers of newspapers throughout the British Empire thrilled to accounts of the heroism of soldiers who, commanded by Col. Baden-Powell, held Mafeking from the grasp of the enemy. The Scout movement, in carrying on the kind of scout work for boys had been tried in England by Baden-Powell previous to that time; but it was his experience in South Africa which opened his eyes to the possibilities of the movement, and the strength of purpose which made him the hero of Mafeking sustained him, after his return to England, in carrying on his cherished plan of Boy Scout work to practical effect.

The normal boy, no matter what the social status of his parents or what his visible environment, must be long to a game, and will join an unorganized and possibly vicious group if he cannot find one that is organized and healthy. The gang spirit is one of the strongest factors of a boy's life; and it needs to be cultivated along right lines that boys may be trained into useful citizens and not allowed to drift into habits which will unfit them for the business of making intelligent contributions to the state when they grow up. In this connection, the Scout training gives the boy, both what he should have and what he wants. A Boy Scout troop is a gang of the noblest kind, a gang wherein a boy is taught sound principles of loyalty, bravery, unselfishness and service; and a gang, moreover, in which all a boy's natural craving for action is gratified.

It is the man of tomorrow who will fight wars or prevent them, who will make the world safe or unsafe for democracy, who will advance civilization or retard it; and in Boy Scout troops some men of tomorrow are getting an education which will make them efficient members of society. To encourage the Scout movement is to aid in securing the peace and safety of the future.

## Grant to Entertain Press Men

The Alberta government has decided to make a grant of \$5,000 for the entertainment of the British newspaper publishers and editors, who are to visit the province next August. There is also a likelihood that the government, in addition to the grant, will give the journalistic visitors a state luncheon by way of showing its appreciation of their visit and their interest in things Canadian.

You can doubtless mention a number of persons who talk too much—including yourself.

# Crown Timber Sales On Increase In B. C.

## Prince of Wales A Keen Agriculturist

### Royal Visit to Canada Has Increased Interest in Agriculture

The Prince of Wales was elected president of the Royal Agricultural Society of England at the annual meeting of that body held at the Royal Agricultural Show recently. In the course of a speech which he made on this occasion, he said: "It is a very pleasant surprise to me to see you all so soon after my return to England. The last time we met was at the Royal Show at Cardiff, which I think we can call a record show." Since then, he continued, he had had a wonderful three months in Canada. He had been at the agricultural show in Toronto, which was of very great interest, and as everyone who really wanted to see farming and agriculture in Canada did, he had gone west. "As some of you know," the Prince said, "while I was there I purchased a small ranch in Alberta. I have always been very interested in agriculture, and I think the Home Farm in Cornwall has always had a certain number of stock and shown quite a lot at the Royal Show for many years. My visit to Canada has only increased my interest in agriculture and made me realize the great importance and necessity of the closest intimacy between farmers and agriculturists throughout the Empire. I hope that next year's show at Darlington may be another record show; I wish all success to the society and thank you all for the kind words you have received me and the honors you have done me by electing me president."

When the Germans planned the Berlin-to-Bagdad railway, which was intended to enable them to dominate the Near East, they never imagined that on its completion it would prove a link in a chain that was to bind together their enemies. But that is exactly what the allies are planning. At present the fast mail route from London to India is by way of Calais, Brindisi, the Suez Canal, and the Red Sea. This route is to be shortened by the construction of a tunnel connecting France and England, and a traveler will not leave the train until he steps out to take the steamship at the Italian ports.

## Britain Building Railways

### Line to Bagdad Most Important Both Commercially and Strategically

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The next step will be the construction of a line running eastward from Italy, through Jugoslavia and connecting with the Bagdad railway at Nish. This will link up five of the main lines, facilitate their commerce in time of peace and enable them in time of war to switch their troops from one end of the semi-circle to the other as needed.

But the system will by no means end in Serbia. The railroad is already completed into Turkey-in-Asia, crossing at Constantinople. One fork runs through Palestine and into the heart of Arabia. It is completed as far as Medina and partially on to Mecca. A short link through the desert would connect it with the Egyptian railways, and when the Cape-to-Cairo road is completed it will be possible to ride from London to Capetown.

It is the other work of the line, that to Bagdad, that is the most important, both commercially and strategically. It will be continued to Kowilek, on the Persian Gulf, cutting short the sea voyage to India very materially. It will provide an alternative route to the Suez Canal and a much speedier one. In time it may eliminate the other, as the latter did the Cape route. Kowilek means the terminal terminus of the railway as east of it lies Persia which does not own decent roads much less railroads. But that country is now under the tutelage of Great Britain and the latter will undoubtedly see to it that a railway is constructed connecting the Bagdad railway with the Indian system, which extends through Burma to the Indian ocean. A short line through French Indo-China would bring the traveller to the China Sea.

Men now living may one day hear the London railway porter shout: "All aboard for Constantinople, Cairo, Capetown, Mecca, Bagdad, the Persian Gulf, Rangoon, and China." Stranger things have happened.

## A Non-stop Flight

"But suppose," said one of the spectators at the airshow, "that the parachute should fall to open after he had jumped off—what then?"

"That wouldn't stop me," answered the parachutist. "I'd come right down."

## According to a statement issued by the Hon. T. D. Pattullo, Minister of Lands, the value of Crown timber disposed of during the past year aggregated \$654,372.99, as against \$259,769.13 for 1916, \$483,281.50 for 1917, and \$388,408 for 1918.

Vancouver and Island districts top the list at \$223,166.21; Fort George comes second with \$134,650.33, and Prince Rupert a very close third with \$133,596.93.

The number of sales and quantities involved is greater in every district than in any previous year. This increase is particularly noticed in the Upper Fraser River district, east of Prince George, where over 56,000,000 feet of saw timber, besides a considerable quantity of ties and cordwood, were disposed of, as against 11,000,000 during the previous year.

Another notable increase is shown also in the Upper Thompson River district in Canada, where some 16,000,000 feet of saw timber and 990,000 ties were sold, as compared with 12,000,000 feet and 78,000 ties in 1918.

The total number of sales for 1919 is 356, as against 133 in 1916, 255 in 1917 and 227 in 1918, while the area cruised for sales has increased from 23,318 acres in 1916 to 61,809 acres in 1919. It is pointed out by the minister that this striking increase in timber sales, involving the cruising of a much larger area, has entailed a good deal of additional work on the part of the forestry officials, as a consequence of which a reorganization of the department has been effected in order to cope with its growing business. Returned soldiers and men from the temporary staff already have been brought in.

In the matter of piling, the minister's statement shows that over 4,000,000 line feet were sold in 1919, as against 378,000 feet in 1918, and a large increase also is noted in the number of cords of shingle bolts and cordwood.

An important phase of the disposal of the Crown timber stock is the sale by auction of small blocks and fractions adjacent to present operations, which would be wasted unless utilized immediately.

Small logging units of mature or over-mature timber also are offered for sale as improvement cutting in the interest of the forest, while timber on agricultural land also is sold, so that the land may be opened up for settlement. In this work there has been shown the closest co-operation between the lands and forest branches of the department.

## A Lost People

### Most Interesting Remains Are Network of Canals

By far the most interesting remains of the lost people of Arizona are their network of canals, which prevail through the valleys. The longest is the one tapping the Gila river, and which supplied with water the ancient city, now marked with the one standing building. This is the Casa Grande, about which so much has been written and which has excited so much interest among archaeologists in the last ten years. The volume of water taken out by this canal must have been immense, for it supported millions of acres. In most places the canal has been filled with drifting sand, but its course is easily traced. Engineers who located the Maricopa canal made use of the old Aztec ditch and today water runs over its pebbly bottom just as it did 2,000 or 3,000 years ago. For miles and miles around mounds tell the tale of houses destroyed by the ravages of time. Phoenix was built on the ruins of this ancient city, and there relics frequently are found of this ancient civilization.

## Australia's Timber

Timber is Australia's best crop, says Sir Ronald Munro Ferguson, the former British Governor-General of the Commonwealth. Speaking at an exhibition in Geelong of Australian timbers, he urged that steps be taken to save the beautiful woods which, he pointed out, were suited for the finest cabinet making, and to conserve the rich forest wealth by fire prevention, proper laying out and control, and careful classification. In Germany, he said, 4,000,000 people were dependent on the growth of timber and on the products of timber. The Governor-General has a valuable collection of Australian woods, and when he returns to Britain will doubtless astonish English manufacturers.

It's a pity that more sermons are not as deep as they are long.



## If Thin, Nervous, Run Down, Depressed, This Will Help!

The wear and strain of life has tended in recent years to produce nervous debility in a large percentage of our population.

Thousands are affected with a feeling they can't exactly describe. They are always tired and droopy, lack ambition, have poor appetite, look pale and suffer from depressing headaches and insomnia.

This condition is full of peril. It is the stepping stone to invalidism, the beginning of a shattered constitution.

We advise everyone in this condition to take a good medicine at once and try to get well while yet there is time.

Probably no better advice can be given than to use Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which have become famous in restoring the sick to good health. A general tonic up of the system once takes place. The whole body is vitalized by rich and pure blood. The appetite is increased, food is digested and naturally strength rapidly increases. Headaches go because the bowels are regulated and all wastes are carried off.

There is no experiment about using Dr. Hamilton's Pills because they certainly restore the sick, as a trial will quickly prove. Just as good for the old as the young, and suitable to the needs of women and children. This grand medicine should be in every home.

## THE COW PUNCHER

BY  
ROBERT J. C. STEAD

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(Continued.)

They found a quiet tea-room. When they were seated Dave, without preliminaries, plunged into the subject nearest his heart.

"I have been wanting an opportunity to talk to you—wanting it for weeks," he said. "But it always seemed—"

"Always seemed that you were thwarted," Irene completed his thought. "You didn't disguise your annoyance very well the other night."

"Do you blame me for being annoyed?"

"No. But I rather blame you for showing it. You see, I was annoyed too."

"Then you had nothing to do with—bringing about the situation that existed?"

"Certainly not. Surely you do not think that I would—that I would—"

"I beg your pardon, Irene," said Dave, contritely. "I should have known better. But it seemed such a strange coincidence."

She was toying with her cup, and for once her eyes avoided him. "You should hardly think, Dave," she ventured, "you should hardly conclude that—that has been, you know, gives you the right—"

"To a monopoly of your attentions. Perhaps not. But it gives me the right to a fair chance to win a monopoly of your attentions."

He was speaking low and earnestly, and his voice had a deep, rich timbre in it that thrilled and almost frightened her. She could not resist his straightforwardness. She felt that he was already asserting his claim upon her, and there was in his tone and manner a delightful in the sense of being claimed by such a man.

"I must have a fair chance to win that monopoly," he repeated. "Have did it happen that Concord was present?"

"I don't know. It just happened. A little after you telephoned me he called up and asked for mother, and the next I knew she said he was coming up to spend the night. And then I said you were coming."

"And what did she say?"

Irene hesitated. "Please don't make me tell you," she whispered at length.

"Don't hesitate from any fear of hurting me," he said with a laugh. "I know I have failed to make a hit with your mother. On your account I could wish I had been more successful, but perhaps she will be fair when she knows me better. What did she say?"

"She just said, 'That cow puncher.' And I just told her that you were the man who got into the punch in the Concord & Elden firm—you see I am learning your slang—"

"Everybody says so, and a few more things I told her, too."

"But Dave had dropped in to a sudden reverie. It was not so remarkable as it seemed that Concord should have telephoned Mrs. Hardy immediately after he had used the line. Concord's telephone and Dave's were on the same circuit; it was a simple matter for Concord, if he had happened to lift the receiver during Dave's conversation with Irene, to overhear all that was said. That might happen accidentally; at least, it might begin to seem so."

The fact that Concord had acted upon the information indicated two things; first, that he had no very troublesome sense of honor—which Dave had long suspected; second, that he had deliberately planned a conflict with Dave's visit to the Hardy home. This indicated a policy of some kind, a scheme to follow, that Dave was as yet able to follow. He would at least guard against any further eavesdropping on his telephone.

He took a card from his pocket, and made some figures on it. "If you should have occasion to call me at the office at any time, please use that number, and ask for me," he said. "It is the accountant's number. There's a reason."

It flattered his masculine authority that she put the card in her purse without comment. She did not ask him to explain. Dave knew that when a woman no longer asks for explanations she pays him her highest compliment.

The cups were empty; the sandwiches and cake were gone, but they lingered on.

"I have been wondering," Dave ventured at length, "just where I stand—with you. You remember our agreement?"

She averted her eyes, but her voice was steady. "You have observed the terms?" she said.

"Yes—in all essential matters. I come to you now—in accordance with those terms. You said that we would know. Now I know; know as I have the simple advice of this Canadian authority, who claims that a few drops of a drug called freezone when applied to a tender, aching corn stops soreness at once, and soon the corn dries up and lifts right out without pain."

He says freezone is an ether compound which dries immediately and never inflames or even irritates the surrounding tissue or skin. A quarter of an ounce of freezone will remove a little at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet. Millions of American women will welcome this announcement since the inauguration of the high heels.

## CHILBLAINS

Easily and Quickly Cured with  
**EGYPTIAN LINIMENT**  
For Sale by All Dealers  
Douglas & Co., Prop'rs, Nanaimo, Ont.

## Gold and Silver Output

Since the year 1904, when the province of Ontario became an important producer of valuable metal, the silver mines of Northern Ontario have produced approximately 303,724,172 fine ounces of silver valued at \$181,570,561, and the gold mines have produced \$252,680 fine ounces valued at \$9,389,508.

## Laugh When People Step On Your Feet

Try this yourself then pass it along to others.  
It works!

Ouch ! ! ! ! ! This kind of rough talk will be heard less here in town if people troubled with corns will follow the simple advice of this Canadian authority, who claims that a few drops of a drug called freezone when applied to a tender, aching corn stops soreness at once, and soon the corn dries up and lifts right out without pain.

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## A Spanish Industry

Manufacture of Paper Concentrated in Provinces of North

The Paris "Temps" has brought out a Spanish supplement, devoted to the commerce of Spain and the commercial relations of that country with France. The paper industry is described as one of the oldest in Spain, Jaiva having been the first European town to engage in paper-making.

Owing to the immense importance of paper, it has been necessary to amplify the ancient modes of production and bring into use other materials than those employed in old times, materials more plentiful and cheaper.

The result has been a decrease in the importance of the old manufacture of vellum, though this industry has maintained itself in Catalonia, owing to the traditional craftsmanship of the men employed in it.

The productive value of the industry, which covers the making of fine cardboard from rags, amounts to 7,000,000 pesetas a year, 20 per cent of which is exported abroad.

The "Temps" gives an account of the paper industry of Spain, other than vellum, carried on for home uses as well as for exportation abroad. The manufacture of paper used for newspapers is almost entirely concentrated in the provinces of the north of Spain, especially at Tolosa.

Holding His Own  
"Hello, old chap! What do you know today?"

"Nothing—absolutely nothing."  
"Well, cheer up. You're holding your own."—Judge.

Is Your Nose Plugged?  
Have You Catarrh?

If Subject to Colds, Here Is Real Good Advice

Don't load your stomach with cough syrups. Send healing medicine through the nostrils send it into the passages that are subject to colds and catarrh. Easy to do with Catarrhose, which cures a cold in ten minutes. Even to the lungs goes the healing vapor of Catarrhose—all through the bronchial tubes, nostrils and air passages—everywhere a trace of disease remains will Catarrhose follow. You'll not have chills, nor will you suffer from sniffles, bronchitis, or throat trouble if Catarrhose is used. Get it today, but beware of dangerous substitutes meant to deceive you for genuine Catarrhose. Large size, two months' treatment, costs \$1.00; small size, 50c; sample size, 25c; all dealers, or The Catarrhose Co., Kingston, Canada.

Mean Insinuation  
"Dad, did you fall in love with mother at first sight?"

"Yes, my boy. But it was a year or so after we were married that the doctors discovered that I should have worn glasses much sooner than I did."

Do not suffer another day with itching, burning, bleeding, or protruding of the PILES. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once. Get it at any drug store. Do not be deceived by cheap imitations. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once. Get it at any drug store. Do not be deceived by cheap imitations.

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## Changing Status Of Afghanistan

New Ruler Negotiating With Russia's New Government

For a long period before the war Afghanistan was practically a British outpost for India. The Amir governed the country as he thought well, but, for the better protection of India, the British restricted the Afghan from alliances with foreign powers.

Indeed, the foreign affairs of the country were practically under British control, and for this right of restriction a handsome subsidy was paid annually to the Amir. Shortly after the war ended a new Amir reached the throne of Afghanistan as a result of the assassination of his predecessor and the new ruler invaded India and apparently expected a rising in India to occur simultaneously with his invasion. In this he was disappointed, and a British-India army of a quarter of a million men met him near the border. There was some fighting, after which a new arrangement was made, under which the British subsidy was withdrawn and the Amir left free to conduct his own foreign affairs. The collapse of Russia is given as one reason for this concession, but another explanation is that Britain requires all her military resources in the Far East to hold India itself in subjection. Meantime the new Afghan ruler is said to be negotiating a new treaty with the new Government of Russia.

Reduced Rates  
Judge: You are guilty of assaulting a man wearing glasses. I honor you \$10.

Defendant: But, Your Honor, the plaintiff wore only a monocle.

Judge: Then your fine will be but \$5.—Washington Star.

Found the Remedy  
Women Look For

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS BANISHED HER BACKACHE

"Six boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills made me feel like a different person."

"Ask your neighbors if Dodd's Kidney Pills won't cure—sick kidneys. Defendants drain all the impurities out of the blood. Pure blood means new health all over the body. Thousands of Canadian women recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Mrs. Alice Roberts Felt Like a Different Woman After She Had Used the Canadian Kidney Remedy, Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Hathersage, Alder, February 9.—That Dodd's Kidney Pills are the remedy that tired women with aching backs are looking for is the lesson taught by the experience of Mrs. Alice Roberts, a well-known and highly respected resident of this place.

Mrs. Roberts felt tired all the time. Her backache was terrible. She used Dodd's Kidney Pills. That is why she says:

"Dodd's Kidney Pills do wonders for me." "My back ached so that I could hardly do my work." Mrs. Roberts continues. "And I felt so tired all the time. My heart also bothered."

Care for Canadian Graves

People of Mons Taking an Interest in Looking After Plots

Word has been received by the office of the Overseas Military Forces of Canada from M. Gustave Carpentier, president of an association formed by the people of Mons to care for the graves of allied soldiers. The burgo-masters and inhabitants of the 81 communes of the district of Mons are assisting the association. The aim is to allot one grave to a family to be cared for and beautified. Further, the family must endeavor to get into communication with the next of kin of the deceased soldiers and inform them that they are in charge of his grave, and if the next of kin propose to visit Belgium they will be the guests of the family in charge of the grave whilst there.

On the anniversaries of the two battles of Mons, August 23 and November 11, homage is paid to the deceased and wreaths are laid upon their graves. The association now reports that they have now on their charge the graves of 100 allied soldiers. The Imperial war graves commission, of which the high commissioner for Canada, Sir George Perley, is a member, has by agreement with the Belgian government, given the association the general supervision of all maintenance.

Airplane Telephones

London to Have Wireless Equipment for Present System

Passengers aboard London-Paris airplanes may soon be able to call up their friends by wireless and be connected with any telephone subscriber in that city. This is to be made possible by a wireless station with a 1,500-mile range installed on the top of the new Air Ministry building in the heart of London, which is now nearing completion.

## RHEUMATISM

Take it into the person when it aches and it will give you relief. Right is with you.

## Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules

Templeton's Rheumatic Capsules bring relief to relief, and permanent relief. They are recommended by doctors, and sold by reliable druggists everywhere for \$1.00 a box, 10 King St. W., Toronto. Mailed anywhere on receipt of price.

## ASTHMA

Templeton's RAZ-MAH Capsules are guaranteed to relieve ASTHMA. Don't suffer another day.

Write Templeton, 142 King St. W., Toronto, for free literature. Reliable druggists sell them at \$1.00 a box.

## Aviation to Weld Empire

Possibilities That Will Be Opened Up By Air Routes Already Surveyed

The London "Times," in an article dealing with aviation as an empire welder, says that for communication with the outlying parts of the empire, with India, Canada, South Africa, Australia and New Zealand, it would be difficult to overestimate the importance of the possibilities that will be opened up by air routes already surveyed within the empire. Nothing else, not even the personal magnetism of the Prince of Wales, will prove more valuable as an instrument, not only for annihilating time and space, but for drawing ever closer ties of sympathy and mutual understanding which bind together the mother country and the dominions.

Canada exports today sixteen times more bacon than before the war. With equal skill the same results could in a few years be shown for other products of Canadian livestock.

Every man is capable of doing his best and it's up to him to do it.

Even if a woman doesn't get the right kind of a husband, she thinks it is better than being left.

People who fish for compliments do not need long lines. They will get their best bites in shallow water.

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## Alberta Seed Again Successful

Possibilities of the Brooks District as a High Class Seed Producing Area

The success of farmers on irrigated land in the neighborhood of Brooks, Alberta, in winning a large share of the prizes at the Idaho State Seed Show at Pocatello, Idaho, recently, has been followed up by even better success at the British Columbia Seed Fair. At this fair, out of twelve samples of seed grown on irrigated land in the Brooks district ten were awarded prizes. First prizes were won with alfalfa seed, red clover seed, white Dutch and clover seed. Marquis wheat, field peas, spring vetch seed and alaska clover seed were awarded second prizes, while third prizes were won with winter vetch seed and dwarf garden peas. All this seed was grown with irrigation last season.

These successes right in the heart of districts that are famed for the production of a high quality of seed, amply demonstrate the great possibilities of the Brooks districts as a high class seed producing area.

New Decision on Status of Aliens  
The Appeal Court in London has given an important decision on the status of an alien under the laws of the empire. The appellant was Heinrich Hermann Markwald, who was born in Germany, and settled in Australia in 1908. He obtained a certificate of naturalization, and went to England at the outbreak of the war, and was required to register as an alien under the Aliens Registration Act. He refused and was prosecuted and convicted by a magistrate. On appeal, the divisional court upheld the conviction. The appeal court held that the appellant had not ceased to be an alien in London by virtue of his Australian certificate of naturalization and dismissed the appeal.

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THE CANADIAN FUR AUCTION SALES COMPANY, Limited, of Montreal, organized and financed by a representative body of Canada's leaders in great commercial enterprises will hold its

## First Great Sale of Raw Furs IN MARCH

Offering immense quantities of fresh, original, uncured Canadian Furs—the Best in the World—UNMIXED with inferior southern varieties, the company will sell to the highest bidder of hundreds of eager buyers from all parts of the United States and Europe.

You get the world's best prices on the WORLD'S BEST FURS, your CANADIAN goods, at our sales.

We do not issue extravagantly-quoting, misleading price lists, but we do see that your furs bring absolutely top prices. Eager inquiries reach us daily from the world's chief buying capitals.

Buyers from London, Paris, New York, Chicago, and other great distributing centres have already arranged to attend the MARCH SALE.

The widespread interest shown by buyers clearly indicates the unusual scarcity of raw furs; unmistakably points to an unusually keen demand, particularly for the finer furs—Canadian goods. We think we are not unduly optimistic in predicting

## WORLD'S RECORD PRICES FOR OUR MARCH SALE

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES will gladly be made on request accompanying any shipment large or small pending sales. The expense to shippers to the Montreal sales is less—the buying force is as strong—as in any market in the world. Write us to get our advice—market reports, accurate, reliable guidance to you in buying, and SHIP NOW—any quality, of any variety or grade. No market in the world will not better results. Last day of receiving for this sale is MARCH 1st.

The Canadian Fur Auction Sales Company  
MONTREAL LIMITED

Temporary Offices—Windsor Hotel

MURINE Rests, Refreshes, Soothes, Heals—Keep Your Eyes Strong and Healthy. It does it by the Eye-Smart, Itch, Burn, Itch, Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Safe for Infants and Adults. At All Druggists in Canada. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Company, Chicago, U.S.A.



# Battle Cruiser Upside Down

Even in a world into which the Bolsheviks have injected so much that is topsy-turvy, the spectacle of a 24,000-ton battle cruiser upside down in a dry dock is a little unusual. Yet that is what is to be seen at Tarentum, Italy, where the Leonardo da Vinci is under repair after being raised from the bottom of the harbor to which an explosion on board sent it during the war. It was on August 2, 1916, that the battle cruiser sunk at its moorings in the harbor of Tarentum in consequence of an explosion of the magazine. It turned completely over and carried down with it 21 officers and 221 men. At first the disaster was officially attributed to accident, but the inevitable investigation established the fact that it was the work of two employees of the arsenal. These traitors were promptly shot. There the vessel lay, its turrets burrowing in the mud of the harbor bottom and its keel above the water, which was not above forty feet deep at that place.

The problem, according to a writer in *Illustration* of Paris, was to get rid of the obstruction rather than, how to save the ship. But blowing up the wreck seemed to offer so many difficulties that it was finally decided to try to raise it. The Italian naval engineers worked out a solution.

The plan adopted was not to try to right the ship, but to float it upside down as it stood. The turrets were removed from underneath, the guns dismounted under water, and the wreckage caused by the explosion cleared away. The holes in the hull were stopped temporarily, and powerful pumps set to work to empty the compartments of water. These compartments were subsequently filled with compressed air, so that the hull was transformed into an immense caisson in which the workmen could continue the task of lightening the ship. After a year's toil the weight of the wreck was reduced from 24,000 to 18,000 tons. Then, with the aid of eight pontoons of 400 tons each designed to preserve the equilibrium of the unwieldy mass, they pulled the cruiser out of the mud and towed it to the dry dock, in which it now lies—as has been said—bottom side up. When the hull is completely repaired the deck will be covered and made watertight and the wreck towed out into deep water, where it will be righted.

## New Irrigation Districts

### Formation of Districts in Saskatchewan on the Local Benefit Assessment Plan

The provincial government has been asked to bring in legislation to provide for the formation of irrigation districts in Saskatchewan on the local benefit assessment plan, somewhat similar to that in operation in Alberta. The proposal was made for general legislation which could be put in operation in any part of the province where running water is available, but the request was preferred by the residents of the southwest corner of Saskatchewan, where the rainfall in the last three years has been quite inadequate and crops have suffered severely as a result.

### Home For Boy Offenders

A petition is being widely circulated in Saskatchewan asking the provincial government to establish an institution where youthful offenders against the law may be educated. The petition states that there is a great increase in crime among the youth of the province. Many prominent people have signed the petition, says the *News* dispatch.

### A Common Complaint

Physician: "Do you ever have any trouble with your stomach?" Patient: "Yes, doctor, getting it comfortably full."

## CANADA'S FISHERIES

The total value of Canada's fish catch for the year 1918 was \$601,363,502, as compared with \$52,312,044 for 1917, according to the preliminary report just issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The catch of the sea fisheries was valued at \$32,741,999, an increase of more than \$1,000,000 over the previous year. By provinces, British Columbia leads with a catch valued at \$13,632,828, followed by Nova Scotia with \$10,759,974, New Brunswick, with \$4,241,773, Quebec with \$3,285,182, and Prince Edward Island with \$822,241.

## Economic Effects Of Prohibition

### Larger Production Important Economic Benefit of Prohibition

Marked reduction in the number of absentees and workmen tardy, less friction, increased efficiency, and a resultant larger production, are important economic benefits of prohibition which large employers of labor in Buffalo, N.Y., are pointing out. The effect has been particularly noticeable in the steel mills, where a practically normal force now resumes work after a holiday period. One executive says that not only his firm, but men formerly induced to the drink habit, are now enthusiastic in resisting prohibition. In the days of the saloon, says the district sales manager of the Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, sometimes not more than 60 per cent of the working force would return to the mills after a holiday. "Now, after holidays, there is practically a normal working force the following morning, and the men are ready to do good work, too." The secretary and treasurer of the H. B. Taylor Company says that men formerly very irregular in their work are as regular as any of their employees. The vice-president and treasurer of the Corning Glass Company says the results of prohibition have been most gratifying to him, and the firm of which he is a member. "The number of absentees has been reduced," he says. "Fewer men are tardy, the men show more interest in their work, and have developed more efficiency. We even find a better spirit among the workers. There is less petty jealousy and quarrelling now, we find. The shop foremen report a better spirit existing throughout the plant—Christian Science Monitor.

## Cattle of the Sudan

### Traveller Cannot Fail to Be Impressed With Country's Enormous Wealth

The cattle trade of the upper Nile, carried on by the Shilluk and Dinka tribes with the Arabs, gives opportunity for quite an extensive border business. The Arab traders offer the natives all kinds of goods, groceries for their cattle and hides. A traveller in the Sudan cannot fail to be impressed with the country's enormous wealth in horned and hornless cattle. He will meet processions of plodding beasts along the narrow roads, and coming with astonishing regularity in way in which these herds pass each other. Percy Martin, F.R.G.S., describes in the *African World* the "complete discipline" which reigns. Even when the herds are seen approaching one another from opposite directions and upon the same narrow road, the columns merge into one another no more than do the separate streams of water of the Blue and White Niles or of the Black and White Amazons, streams that run side by side for over 100 miles.

### Boost Canadian Industries

Canada's industries are given some excellent advertising in a pamphlet printed on the United States government presses at Washington, which has just been received. It is issued as a supplementary report of the department of commerce, and deals with the coal and mineral production of the maritime provinces, lumber, fisheries, iron and steel manufactures, crops, Quebec pulp and paper, water power, asbestos, furs, navigations and shipping. Manitoba's resources, immigration, highways, automobile and bicycle industries, livestock, wool industry, dairying, grain crops, and oil production.

Watch your best girl gently, but none the less certain! Let you get "her" to the size of glove she wears and what sort of jewelry she likes best.

## Use of Forests to Reduce Taxation

### Proper Conservation of Gigantic Resources of Canada Would Be Big Help

That Canada could go far in paying all taxation by the output of her gigantic forests and the proper conservation of same was demonstrated by a discussion by the Dominion Land Surveyors at the annual meeting, following a paper read by H. Cloughton-Wallin, F.E., of the forestry branch. It was stated that in the Jura mountains, in France, where the commune owns the large pine forests, that residents there live free of taxation by the output of timber and the sale of firewood. The same also applies to parts of Sweden, and it was pointed out that Canada's resources in this respect were equal, if not better, than these countries.

After an interesting reference to the work of the reconnaissance officers, Mr. Cloughton-Wallin stated that in Manitoba there had been examined already 46,272 square miles. Of the timber, approximately 25,000,000 cords, about 30 per cent, is poplar, 29 per cent, jackpine, and 16 per cent, tamarac and birch.

In Saskatchewan, the total area examined is 27,504 square miles, of which 41 per cent, is timbered, 18 per cent, muskeg, and 15 per cent, muskeg and 8 per cent, grass land, water, etc.

In Alberta, 63,000 square miles had been examined, of which 48 per cent, is timbered, 32 per cent, burn, 5 per cent, muskeg, and 15 per cent, prairie. The timber amounts to 160,000 cords, of which 40 per cent, is poplar, 30 per cent, spruce and 5 per cent, tamarac, balsam, fir and birch.

## Good Value of Beans

### Samples of Productive and Early Ripening Field Bean Being Distributed

While beans have long been grown and appreciated in certain parts of Canada for table use, both in the green state and in the form of ripened seed, this crop has not been as extensively cultivated as would be desirable. One of the principal difficulties in the way of the more extended production of ripe beans is the sensitivity of the plants to frost. Ordinarily beans cannot be ripened in any district where the season is short. There are, however, some sections of Canada where the cultivation of beans for the ripe seed is almost unknown at present, and where, nevertheless, this crop would likely prove successful, provided suitable varieties were tried.

With a view to extending the use of ripe beans for human food, the Dominion cerealist is distributing this winter, for the first time, samples of a productive and very early ripening field bean. As this variety is brown in color, and as it does not perhaps give as heavy a yield as some of the later maturing white sorts, its use is not recommended for districts where the more popular varieties can be grown. Farmers in almost any part of Canada where ordinary beans fail to ripen would do well to apply for a sample of the beans now offered. The variety in question is a selection from a sort obtained years ago from Norway. It is being introduced under the name "Norwegian, Ottawa 710." While the number of samples available is necessarily limited, it will be possible to send a few, at least, to almost every district where they are likely to be of use. Applications from farmers in localities where beans are already recognized as a successful crop will not be filled, but requests are invited from farmers who have not yet found a variety which ripens sufficiently early.

Although these beans are of a brown color, they are excellent when cooked and there is no reason why they should not give complete satisfaction for table use, even though their color be not fashionable. They are not recommended for use in the green state.

### Where the Rescuer Failed

A small boy of Jewish persuasion, who was playing at the end of the pier, fell into the sea and was only rescued after great difficulty by an enterprising swimmer, who dived off the end of the pier and succeeded in getting the boy into a rowing boat.

Half an hour afterwards, much exhausted by his efforts, the rescuer was walking off the pier when a man came up and tapped him on the shoulder.

"Are you the man who saved my life?" he asked. "Yes," answered the much-exhausted hero. "Then," asked the Hebrew in indignant tones, "ver's his cap?"

Many a man who goes through life hemoaning his fate that he is misunderstood ought to be thankful that such is the case.

## Offer Prize for Sign Recognized by Mars

### French Academy of Science Interested in Attempts to Communicate With Planets

The French Academy of Science evidently considers communication between the earth and the planets as among the possibilities, for it has undertaken to act as judge for a prize of 100,000 francs to be given for the best means of making a sign to a heavenly body and the receipt of a reply.

It has been the custom of the academy always to refuse to handle prizes for any feat which it considered a mere waste of time. In presenting the present prize for competition, the academy makes the proposition that the planets are included as being sufficiently known.

"Until a solution is obtained," says the academy's announcement, "the interest on the prize money will form a prize for scientists making the greatest progress in knowledge of the planets and their relation to the earth."

Professor Albert Einstein, the German astronomer, whose theory that gravitation deflects the rays of light recently has been the subject of considerable discussion, in an interview with the *Daily Mail's* Berlin correspondent, asserted that he believed that the mysterious signals referred to by Signor Marconi as having been heard on various wireless sets are due either to atmospheric disturbances or to experiments with other systems of wireless.

Prof. Einstein, who believes that Mars and other planets are inhabited, added that if intelligent creatures on other planets tried to communicate with the earth, he would expect them to use rays of light which could be much more easily controlled.

## Shale For Fuel

### Substance Common in Geological Formations Makes Experiment Widely Interesting

Railroads in Estonia seem in a fair way to discard coal in favor of bituminous shale, a substance common enough in geological formations to make the Estonian experiment widely interesting. Lacking coal, the Estonian provisional government has been investigating the possibilities of shale and as the report comes by way of Helsinki, shale is now being used for a good many purposes. "The shale at Reval, for example, is using shale exclusively for making gas. But so far, shale has not been adopted as a fuel, and wood is being burned in the fire boxes. The factory probably waits to see how completely shale can be used to run railway trains, and the railway factory in Reval is now experimenting with fire boxes using shale in a locomotive. That it can be successfully used, however, seems to have been proved. Coal is a strong argument for the use of shale, and 3 marks for a pound, or some 30 or 40 pounds, of shale, as against 30 marks for the same measure of coal makes it very much cheaper. It would be odd, but not impossible, if later events should show that in using shale for fuel the little-known country of Estonia is leading the world.

## Britain's New Warship

### Vessel is 273 Feet Long and is Fitted With Turbine Machinery

During a recent official trial, under Admiralty surveillance, what was said to be the highest speed ever maintained by any warship in the world was obtained by H.M.S. *Tyrian*, a torpedo boat destroyer designed and built by Messrs. Yarrow & Co., Glasgow. The vessel developed a speed of over 45 miles per hour, which is practically 40 knots, the trial being held in deep water; this result being made possible only by the large amount of experimental and research work carried out by Messrs. Yarrow. Had the vessel been run in shallow water, it is said that a considerably higher speed would have been obtained, so that the performance of the *Tyrian* is all the more remarkable. H.M.S. *Tyrian* is the last of a series of 29 destroyers built by Messrs. Yarrow & Co. since the beginning of the war. The vessel is 273 feet long, and has a fully loaded displacement of 1,060 tons, is fitted with turbine machinery, the steam being supplied by the latest type of Yarrow oil-burning water-tube boilers with Yarrow's patent superheater.

### No Chance for the Old Man

It was the first time that Richard's father had seen "flet" and they were talking things over. "So my son has proposed to you," he said, "and you've accepted him? I think you might have seen me first." So blushed Richard as he replied: "I did, but I think I prefer Richard."

# No Better Country Than the Dominion

## Britain's Industries Need Women

### Wage-Earning Women With Children to Support Being Superseded By Young Single Men

The National Union of Societies for Equal Citizenship has issued an interestingly signed letter, drawing attention to the scale upon which women are being dismissed from every sort of employment in England.

While recognizing that the claims of discharged service men must stand before those of women, the signatories emphatically protest against the dismissal of women, in favor of men and boys who have never seen service.

"These dismissals," the letter states, "are even taking place in occupations acknowledged before the war to be women's work, and we have incontestable evidence that cases are common where wage-earning women with children to support are being superseded by young single men. No reason of less efficiency on the part of the women is given, but rather the course appears to be pursued in response to a growing demand of men to monopolize all trades and industries, except those so unproductive and unskilled that no man desires to enter them."

One of the experience gained during the war of the industrial capacities of women, we regard this tendency to segregate them in a small group," the letter continues, "of overcrowded, unskilled occupations, as not only cruel injustice to them, but a menace to the economic welfare of the country which urgently calls for a greater national productivity." The signatories include the Countess of Portsmouth and Viscountess Rhonda.

## To Grant Farm Loans

### Saskatchewan Municipalities Empowered to Make Advances to Farmers

Problems connected with the guaranteeing of advances to farmers have been dealt with by the Saskatchewan legislature. As a result of legislation brought in municipalities are empowered to make advances to farmers for the purpose of buying oats for feed. In some municipalities the demand is so large that the municipalities are unable to make financial arrangements and the provincial government has undertaken to stand behind them to the extent of guaranteeing the bank loans.

In cases where there is open range and farmers who are engaged in wheat raising are required to fence their crops to prevent the stock of their neighbors doing harm, municipalities are empowered to borrow money to purchase barbed wire which they may sell on easy terms to the settlers who desire to fence. Provision is made for repayment under certain conditions which must be observed.

## Canada's Automobile Revenue

During the calendar year 1919 the revenue obtained by the Canadian Government for the importation of automobiles amounted to the huge total of \$13,886,097.25. This amount includes duty, customs, war taxes, and excise war tax collected on automobiles and parts thereof. There were 9,637 passenger cars imported, the value of these being \$9,304,235; the total duty on these was \$8,002,529.77. Commercial automobiles numbering over 2,000 were valued at \$3,437,664, the duty on these being nearly \$1,500,000.

The Ontario Department of Agriculture and all concerned have started a campaign to sweep out the scrub bull from the herds. Only by producing the best meat on livestock farming get highest prices.

## Unlike the investigators sent out by Moses of old to report on the promised land, the investigators sent out by the "old church" Mennonites in Canada to seek a better country in which to live are reported to have returned with the information that the better country is the one they left behind when they set out on their search.

The Mennonites who are disgruntled with Canada because they have to conform to the educational system of the country would be a great deal more disgruntled by the regulations of the South American countries where, according to the reports of their own emissaries, compulsory education laws exist for everyone, with no special privileges, and where compulsory military training and service in the national army is the accepted system.

When the Mennonite agents carried their investigations into the United States, they found, the report says, that the brethren south of the line would like to come to Canada where conditions were less oppressive.

If there is a salutary lesson for the discontented Mennonites in this report of their investigators, there is also an equally good lesson in it for Canadian citizens generally. Canada is an excellent place in which to live in these astonishing and dangerous times; our lives are so easy, our liberties so secure, our rights so well protected, that some sections of our people, not in the slightest degree realizing the chaotic state into which a great part of the world has fallen, incline to think the pillars of our society are being shaken because we are experiencing a period of high prices; the terrific disasters which have fallen on Europe, the complete breakup and disintegration of half a dozen or more European nations, attended by famines, pestilence and wholesale murder, the tremendous economic reactions of the war which have shaken the whole system of credit and international payments "to the dust," have been either completely escaped in this favored country, or only press on us moderately from the economic side. In disasters and how could we have in Canada the Mennonite agents have discovered nothing new; what they have discovered is that it is a privilege to be a Canadian citizen. Canada is entitled to require loyalty to her institutions from the immigrants she receives; and immigrants in a position to make comparisons will certainly consider themselves lucky to obtain entry to the Dominion.—Winnipeg Free Press.

## British Navy's New Weapon

### Armor-Piercing Shell Is Best Thing In Projectiles

The British navy may soon be given a new and "unsurpassed weapon" in a large calibre shell which will pierce the heaviest armor without shattering, said Sir Robert Hadfield, chairman and managing director of Hadfield's, Limited, steel manufacturers, recently. He indicated that possession of such a shell during the great war would have been of incalculable value to the British fleet.

"The feat has been accomplished," he said, "within the last few days, of getting the largest calibre of armor-piercing shell unbroken through the hardest of modern armor plates. This result will render the British gun unsurpassed, incomparable, and the master in any naval engagements of the future."

Had he possessed such a shell during the war, many of the German battleships would have been "scuttled" long before their end at Scapa Flow.

The greatest depth of the ocean is 29,300 feet.

## MONKEYS OF SUMATRA

In the islands of the eastern, or, as it is commonly called, the Malay Archipelago, the monkeys which abound in those parts are trained to be useful, and to assist in picking the coconuts off the trees. The monkeys can climb higher than any man can go, and thus fruit that would otherwise be inaccessible is gathered. A leading London daily newspaper, in connection with this fact, imparts the information that, on a certain coconut plantation in Sumatra where the monkeys form an exceedingly valuable addition to the working staff, they absolutely refuse to work over a week.











## Winter Goods

It may be that as the winter has been so long that some of your Heavy Goods are worn out. Please note that we are trying to keep our winter stock complete and assorted just for such occasions. If you need anything in that line we will be pleased to show you the goods. How about

**Underwear, Overshoes, Rubbers, Mackinaws, Mitts, Socks, Sweaters, &c.**

We cannot see any signs of a decline in prices and even if you have to carry them over till next season you will save considerable right now. We have one buffalo robe, well lined &c, that will sell for \$15. It is worth \$20 to-day

**J. R. MILLER**

### LADIES

#### REAL BARGAINS IN KITCHEN UTENSILS

Triple Saucepans, 3 in set at 2.00  
Nickel-Plated Tea Kettles 3.50    Dover Egg Beaters 25c  
Egg Timers 20c    Soap Shakers 25c    Nutmeg Grater 20c  
Fruit Jar Wrenches 20c  
Granite Saucepans—2 quart 25c, 2½ quart 25c, 3 quart 30c  
4 quart 30c, 5 quarts 35c

Basting Spoons, Muffin Pans, Jelly Moulds, Tea Pots, Coffee Mills, and many other useful articles that is needed in every home

"Yours for Service and satisfaction"

33 We sell Newcastle Coal



## Barbed Wire and Fence Posts

Anyone contemplating fencing will do well by seeing us before placing your order.

We carry a good assortment of Fence Posts, also Barbed Wire.

**Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.**

**R. W. HAMON, manager**  
Chinook, Alberta

### OUR OBSERVERS' COLUMN

**A Chiall's amang ye Takin' Notes an' feth he'd prent it.**

There's one consolation about living in the no-crop belt—one don't have to worry about the depreciation in the rate of paper currency in international exchange.

Have you made up your mind to dodge the Flying Flu—this epidemic? He's around Chinook again and may yet visit many homes. Everybody can help to save lives in the homes visited by the flu germ—keep smiling.

Chinook is the costliest town to get a drunk in on the Goose Lake line—a real "toot" would cost in the neighborhood of three hundred greenbacks. But why worry?

Just fancy, the U.F.A. executive going around shouting "Any old clothes! Any old clothes!" in this land of sunshine-Alberta!

The farmers' prayer this winter—May the Good Lord send soon the precious sight of the tumbling mustard seed.

The joker who advertised the fact that he found a lady's legging on the Big Spring trail has been inundated with queries as to "Whatta' like thing is't!"

Larry Ormond has gone to H—anna. If he keeps up his reputation he made in Chinook he will make some warm friends, too, in H—anna.

### Langford U.F.A.

A meeting of the above was held in Langford school-house, Feb 14th. Two officers were and fifteen members were present.

It was resolved to have the Secretary write the central office for information on the political assos'n fund.

It was resolved that, whereas, the U.F.A. at Calgary are collecting large sums of money for the relief in the drought-stricken areas, and as we have suffered from drought for the past three years, and there are families in this district who could do well with a helping-hand, and as we have a case of sleeping-sickness here and the parents are not in a position to cover the expense and doctor's bill, we urgently request the central office to give this matter their careful attention and see what can be done in the matter.

It was decided to have a bulletin board fixed outside the Langford school-house for advertisement purposes.

The Secretary was instructed to write or see the druggist at Chinook as to prices of formaldehyde and strychnine and see if we can get same at the same rate as municipalities.

It was requested that all members hand in their requirements to the Secretary, re poison and formaldehyde as soon as possible.

It was resolved to postpone basket social and dance set for Feb 27th, on account of the flu epidemic.

It was decided to postpone the barn building until next fall.

It was decided to pay delegate balance of his expenses, also to tender him a vote of thanks for his report and valuable information, and express our regret that the family and himself were laid up so long on his return from the convention.

Mr. O. S. Dunford, formerly proprietor of the Chinook Pharmacy, has purchased from P. Burns & Co, the handsome Clydesdale mare, "Queen of Springbank," leader of the six-horse prize winning team so well known to Calgary horsemen, and frequently seen by horse lovers at the Calgary horse show "Queen of Springbank" as a show horse has never been beaten in the ring. Mr Dunford, who owns a ranch at Munson, is sending the animal out to the ranch.

In order to assist farmers in the drought-stricken areas in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the price of what grown in the three provinces, sold locally from country elevators has been reduced from \$2.80 to \$2.45 per bushel, plus carrying charges based in store in public terminal elevators at Port Arthur, by an order issued by the Canadian Wheat Board. This will enable them to purchase their seed wheat requirements at a reduced price until March 31.

In his speech at the opening of the provincial legislature, at Edmonton, last week, among other things, Premier Stewart said: "Regarding the drought conditions in the province, that before seed was in the ground next spring the joint obligations of the provincial and federal governments in the furnishing of relief would total between \$3,500,000 and \$4,000,000, but relief was in sight, as every indication was for a good crop next summer."

These rising prices are awful. A man was heard to ask a girl the other evening, "Three-pence for your thoughts."

### COLLHOLME KOLUM

Mr Geo Dunster from England is visiting his brother, Horace

John MacPherson from Heathdale has been visiting the Morrison family

Hopton George from Clemens was up on a visit to his brother Herbert

Mrs Norman D. Stewart has gone to Ottawa to visit her mother

Collholme school opened on the 10th, with Mrs Horace Dunster as teacher. The district wishes her success.

Rev J. H Bury, district supt. of Nazarene church, is out visiting the field. Expects to reach B.C before he returns

Delegates of U.F.A, gave a very interesting and encouraging report at Clover Leaf school-house

By the way, as we read your notices in your paper we are led to believe that there is not the spirit of harmony prevailing in Chinook.

Quite a number of folks around here are sick from colds. From reading the minutes of medical association and their schedule prices, a person will almost take a grave chance of going close to the valley of death before sending for medical aid

### GOLDEN CENTRE COUNCIL

The 12th meeting of council of M.D. of Golden Centre, was held on Wednesday, Feb. 4

Members all present, except Councillor Fulton

Minutes read and confirmed  
Correspondence read and disposed of.

One thousand three hundred pkgs of Gophericide was ordered from Doolan & Sinclair.

Village of Cereal was advised would guarantee payment of expense of influenza patients.

It was decided to support resolution of Collholme M.D. protesting against ratepayers being denied a vote on grounds of being in arrears.

Polling booth in ward was changed from Fairacres s.h to s.e 28-29-4

By-law relating to seed grain loans read three times and adopted.

Councillor Ellis reported road ways clear in 24-6.

Councillors Gardiner and Logan were empowered to take action in Afflick case.

Following bills were paid:  
West Municipal News 4.84  
McConnell school dist 300.00  
Fairacres " 400.00  
Naco " 40.00  
Riddellvale " 100.00  
Craig Murray " 250.00  
W S Seppard, road work 0.00  
Ralph Greene, Sec-treas

### To My Clients

Owing to the fact that a new Judicial District has been formed and that the District Court Judge is sitting at Hanna each week, I have Opened an Office in Hanna so that my court work can be more promptly and carefully looked after.

I am still keeping my office at Chinook, and

will be in Chinook every Friday and Saturday

In this way I am in a position particularly in reference to matters of court procedure, to give you better service, and I am thus avoiding the delay which was formerly occasioned by having to send chamber motions, etc. to my agents.

Your faithfully,

L. E. GRANGE



*Come to our Store!  
You will go home  
with all kinds of  
Kitchen things—  
helpful and  
inexpensive*

## Repairing!

Bring in your Kitchen Utensils and have them repaired. We can make them answer as good as new.

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